

## Public Law 513

## CHAPTER 242

## AN ACT

May 9, 1956  
[H. R. 8959]

To permit articles imported from foreign countries for the purpose of exhibition at the International Photographic Exposition, to be held at Washington, District of Columbia, to be admitted without payment of tariff, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That any article which is imported from a foreign country for the purpose of exhibition at the International Photographic Exposition (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "exposition"), to be held at Washington, District of Columbia, from March 18 to April 4, 1957, inclusive, by the Master Photo Dealers and Finishers Association, a nonprofit membership corporation (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "association"), or for use in constructing, installing, or maintaining foreign exhibits at the exposition, upon which article there is a tariff or customs duty, shall be admitted without payment of such tariff or customs duty or any fees or charges under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

International  
Photographic  
Exposition.  
Free entry for  
exhibits.

SEC. 2. It shall be lawful at any time during or within three months after the close of the exposition to sell within the area of the exposition any articles provided for in this Act, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe. All such articles, when withdrawn for consumption or use in the United States, shall be subject to the duties, if any, imposed upon such articles by the revenue laws in force at the date of their withdrawal; and on such articles which shall have suffered diminution or deterioration from incidental handling or exposure, the duties, if payable, shall be assessed according to the appraised value at the time of withdrawal from entry under this Act for consumption or entry under the general tariff law.

Sale, etc.

SEC. 3. Imported articles provided for in this Act shall not be subject to any marking requirements of the general tariff laws, except when such articles are withdrawn for consumption or use in the United States, in which case they shall not be released from customs custody until properly marked, but no additional duty shall be assessed because such articles were not sufficiently marked when imported into the United States.

Marking require-  
ments.

SEC. 4. At any time during or within three months after the close of the exposition, any article entered under this Act may be abandoned to the United States or destroyed under customs supervision, whereupon any duties on such articles shall be remitted.

Abandonment of  
articles.

SEC. 5. Articles which have been admitted without payment of duty for exhibition under any tariff law and which have remained in continuous customs custody or under a customs exhibition bond and imported articles in bonded warehouses under the general tariff law may be accorded the privilege of transfer to and entry for exhibition at the exposition under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Transfers.

SEC. 6. The association shall be deemed, for customs purposes only, to be the sole consignee of all merchandise imported under this Act. The actual and necessary customs charges for labor, services, and other expenses in connection with the entry, examination, appraisal, release, or custody, together with the necessary charges for salaries of customs officers and employees in connection with the supervision, custody of, and accounting for, articles imported under this Act, shall be reimbursed by the association to the United States under

Payment of  
customs charges,  
etc.

46 Stat. 471; 52  
Stat. 1087.

regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Receipts from such reimbursement shall be deposited as refunds to the appropriation from which paid, in the manner provided for in section 524 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. 1524).

Approved May 9, 1956.

## Public Law 514

## CHAPTER 243

May 9, 1956  
[H. R. 9078]

### AN ACT

To provide that the authorized strength of the Metropolitan Police force of the District of Columbia shall be not less than two thousand five hundred officers and members.

D. C. Police  
Department.  
Increase to 2,500  
members.  
31 Stat. 819.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That paragraph 3 of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act relating to the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia", approved February 28, 1901 (D. C. Code, sec. 4-106), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Metropolitan Police force shall consist of not less than two thousand five hundred officers and members, in addition to the persons appointed as surgeons for the Metropolitan Police force, appointed as police matrons, or appointed as special privates pursuant to sections 378 and 379 of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the District of Columbia, approved June 22, 1874 (D. C. Code, sec. 4-133), and in addition to any retired officer or member of the Metropolitan Police force called back into service pursuant to section 12 of the Act entitled 'An Act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and seventeen, and for other purposes', approved September 1, 1916 (D. C. Code, sec. 4-514)."

39 Stat. 720.

Approved May 9, 1956.

## Public Law 515

## CHAPTER 247

May 10, 1956  
[H. R. 4118]

### AN ACT

To amend section 606 (5) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, relating to the computation of the 10-year recapture period.

Merchant Marine  
Act, amendment.  
49 Stat. 2004.

Recapture  
period.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That subdivision (5) of section 606 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U. S. C. 1176), is amended to read as follows:

"(5) that when at the end of any ten-year period during which an operating-differential subsidy has been paid under a contract or consecutive contracts (such period to be computed from the end of the operator's last completed recapture period regardless of its duration, or from the beginning of subsidized operations if the operator has not previously completed a recapture period), or when prior to the end of such ten-year period subsidized operations shall be finally terminated, if the net profit of the contractor on his subsidized vessels and services incident thereto during such period or time (without regard to capital gains and capital losses), after deduction of depreciation charges based upon a life expectancy of the subsidized vessels determined as provided in section 607 (b), has averaged more than 10 per centum per annum upon the contractor's capital investment necessarily employed in

46 USC 1177.